# This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations and is not a part of the Official Record

## **BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES**

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

### IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning documents will not correct images, please do not report the images to the Image Problem Mailbox.



- 10 A No. 964149
  - @ 1350ED Mer. 11, 1975
  - @ CLASS 128-41 C.R. CL.

## OO CANADIAN PATENT

ORTHOPEDIC DRILL GUIDE APPARATUS

Malicren, William X., Costa Masa, California, U.S.A.

D APPLICATION No. 154,660
DIES Oct. 24, 1972

O PERMIT BATE

the of claims in

#### HOLFRANI EMP CO CHRONOSTAR

Picts of the Invention:

to a device for guiding a Grill to Grill a bore in a fractured.

Description of the Prior Arti

In hip pinning sporations, it has been common practice for orthopedic surgeons to obtain X-rays of a fractured trochanter and then estimate the desired location and angularity for the hip pin and then drill a series of guide bores in accordance with such estimation. Therester, additional X-rays are taken to determine the location of the guide bores and if such bores are not properly located, additional bores are drilled and further X-rays taken. Such a trial-and-error procedure is time consuming and expensive while subjecting the patient to extended operative risks and traums.

Numerous hip pin guide devices have been proposed for inscrition in a large instain formed along the upper feweral shaft to locate and maintain the desired angularity for a drill while drilling a boro down the axis of the trochenter. However, with devices are generally unsatisfactory because of the requirement of a large instains and the additional rick of infection and treums.

In the carly 30's a rether cumbersome Grill guide was proposed which counted directly on the fracture table. This device is described in an article by Sven Johansson published in the Seandinavian orthopedic journal entitled ACTA CATAO 20180 20180 1, 1929. A large sumbersome apparetus of this type outform the chartecaing that it is expersome to use the hinders access to the fracture sign. Purther, each devices are difficult to execute the risk of contamination.

60

#### MOZEFRYNZ RWE SO YRAFESIE

The crthopadia drill guido apparatus of present invention is characterized by a hand-hold pictol device having siming soons mounted thereon for being slighed over a selected point on an X-ray image-producing target disposed over the frecture cite. Guide means is mounted on the pistol device in alignment with the siming means and an indicator is provided for indicating when the pistol device is oriented to align the guide means with the siming means to thereby guide the drill directly along a line corresponding with the location and crientation of the siming means.

The object and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from a consideration of the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

#### BOSTUBARD BUT TO MOST SIRDER

PIG. 1 is a top plan view of a patient suffering a fractured trochanter which may have a bore drilled therein by a drill guide apparatus embedying the present invention;

FIG. R is a side elevational view of the patient whomas in Fig. 1:

FIG. 5 is a diagrammatic view of an X-ray of the trachenter of the patient shown in FIG. 1;

PIG. 4 is a perspective vice of a drill guide apparatuo cabodying the present invention;

PIG. 5 is a front view of an anteversion engle indicator which may be utilized with and drill guide opporatus shown in PIG. 4:

FIG. 6 is a top view, in reduced coals, of the drill guide apparatus shown in Fig. 4 being utilized to guide a drill down the sais of a patient's trochantor;

30

FIG. 7 is a vertical scational view taken slong the line

PIG. 8 is a perspective view of an alming pin which may be utilized with the drill guide appearatus shown in PIG. 4;

710. 9 is a detailed view of a modification of the drill guide apparatus shown in 710. 4;

PIG. 10 is a vertical sectional view token along the line 10-10 of PIG. 9;

PIG. 11 is a vertical combiand view texes through a patient's hip and chowing the Grill guide apparatus chown in PIG. 4 being utilized to guide a bone drill;

10

20

FIG. 12 is a vertical contional view, in enlarged scale, taken slong the line 12-18 of FIG. 11;

pio. 13 is a cohematic view of a potient's trochanter which has had hip pine inserted by moone of the drill guide apparatus shown in Fig. 4;

FIG. 14 is a front view of a accord modification of the drill guide apparatus shown in PIG. 1;

FIG. 15 is a partial front view of a third modification of the Crill guido apparatus shown in FIG. 1:

DEO. 16 is a perspective vice of a fixed chank hip pin guide which may be used with the drill guide shown in Fig. 4;

FIG. 17 10 0 from view of the drill mulde shown in

PIQ. 18 is a vertical sectional vica, in enlarged coole, some slong the line 16-18 of PIQ. 17:

FIG. 19 is a schematte view of an X-ray having the fixed chank drill guide shown in FID. 16 disposed thereover; and FIG. 20 is a front view of a fixed shank hip pin.

#### ATMENTICOPERS CERTIFICATED AND TO HOLDER FRANCE

Referring to PIOS, 4, 6 and 7, the Grill guide appearatus of present invention includes, concrelly, a pictol device in the form or an inverted L-shaped member 31 having an aiming oin 33 mounted on the borrel thereof and a through vertically. extending drill guide slot 35 formed in the vertical les thoroof. Supponded beneath the barrel of the pistol device 31 is a pandulum type transverse indicator 41 for indicating the transverse inclination of such pistol device. Thus, a motellie terget, generally designated 43, (FIG. 6) may be placed over a patient's grein area near a fractured trochanter end the siming pin 33 aligned over a solected point on much target and the pistol device 31 rotated about its longitudinal axia until the vertical indicator 41 indicates the drill guido clot 25 is aligned directly below the siming pin 33 for roomles of the bone crill 47 to maintein such Grill in the vortical plen of the siming pin 33.

Referring to PIG. &, the pistol device 31 is formed with a longitudinally extending barrel 31 which is formed in its upper extremity with a longitudinally extending upwardly opening groove 53 for receipt of the siming pin 33. A thumb screw 35 is correspended transverse bore whereby such cores may be tightened against the siming pin 33 to hold it in position. The pistol device 31 further includes a Commercity projecting vertical leg 57 which has an extension 39 telephoned upwardly over the lower end thereof. The ontended of the lower end thereof of the lower extremity of the vertical leg 57. A Shumb screw 45 to correct into a threaded bere formed in the oxtension 39 to be correct into a threaded bere formed in the oxtension 39 to be correct intendity against the vertical leg 37.

20

10

. 60

with respect thereto.

The transverse indicator 41 is suspended beneath the borrol 41 by means of a pivot pin 67 for free rotation thereof.

A longitudinal indicator in the form of a pendulum type pointer, generally designated 71, is mounted on the side of the pictol device 31 by means of a pivot pin 73 and is formed with a downwardly projecting weight 75 and as upwardly projecting pointer 77 which points to a vertical indicator line 81 to indicate the longitudinal inclination of such pistol device.

The terget 43 is constructed from a semember resilient, heavy motalite wire and is formed with a plurality of lengttudinally spaced chaped elements 65 which are all of a different
configuration so each one can be easily identified on an X-ray.
The spaced clements 65 included in the target 43 shown in PIG.
6, are in the form of turned-back loops to form a computat
ackewed sign wave having the apaxon of the individual elements
disposed at one inch specings from one enother. The apposite
ands of the terget 43 terminate in closed calls forming reapposite holding loops 67 which may serventently receive towal
elips 69 for elipping the terget 43 to the patient's attin or
draping to thereby maintain such targets possurely in position.

In operation, when the drill guide apparatus of present invention is to be utilized for drilling a bard in a fractured prophenter 45, the patient is placed on his back on a fracture toble 91 and the positions rendered imposite and secured in position by conventional traction devices or the like. The terract 43 is then positioned over the injured trachanter and erranged to extend generally prenaverous to the ania 95 (Fig. 3) of the injured trachanter to the ania 95 (Fig. 3) of the injured trachanter to back to place by the

63

OK

post 99 to be closely held in a horisontal plane and puch camera is moved into position over the trochanter area and an enterior-posterior picture taken to produce an enterior-posterior x. reylog as shown in PIG. 3. The surgeon will then review the X-ray 101 to determine that the extended axis 95 of the trochanter 45 intersects the image of the target 43 at a point 103 formed by the lever portion or the chaped element 65 disposed third from the top and of such target 43.

The axis of the trochanter normally extends at an angle between 10 and 30 degrees from the horizontal when the patient is lying on his back as shown in PIG. 1. This angle is normally referred to as the angle of anteversion. It is common procise to obtain an estimate of the angle of anteversion by taking a lateral X-ray looking inwardly from the side of the patient and then viewing the X-ray to obtain an estimate of the cagle of anteversion. The drill to would then be held at the occamentated angle in order to follow the case of the trochanter.

The surgoon will then loosen the thumb ecres 55 to adjust the eiming pin 33 in the passage 53 such that the projecting entremity projects over the target 63. The ourgoon will them align the siming pin 33 over the point 111 on the target 43 which corresponds with the point 105 on the image 105. While existentials this elignment and holding the pictol device 32 to maintain the ciming pin 33 generally aligned over the sais 35 of the trochanter, the surgeon will retate such pictol device 31 hange directly downwardly along the frameworse indicator 31 hange directly downwardly along the frame side of the vertical leg 57 to thereby assure that the Grill guide alot 33 is aligned vertically under such siming pin 33. The bone drill 47 may then be inserted through the drill clos 37 and 1037 a gradure wound made in alignment with the said 98 of the

90

the cining pix 33. The elongated vertical clot 35 chables the vertical location of the drill 47 to be capity adjusted and the estimated engle of anteversion to be held.

I have provided an entererion indicator, generally decignated 121, as shown in PIOS. 5. 6 and 7 for securately
holding the angle of entererion during drilling. The enterversion indicator 121 is in the form of a base plate 183 having
a series of beres 125 formed through the upper antrocally thereof for receipt of different sized bone drills \$7. Disposed on
the front of the plate 123 is a pendulum pointer 187 carried
from a pivol pin 189. The angle marks 131 are scribed on the
front of the plate 123 for indicating the inclination of the
conteversion indicator 121. Consequently, in use if the angle of
anteversion is determined to be 10 degrees the drill is incerted through one of the bores 125 and then through the drill
Guide slot 35 as shown in \$28. 7. The drill 47 will than be
held at the indicated enteversion angle of 10 degrees while

SÔ

20

An extension, generally designated 139, which may be substituted for the extension 39 is shown in PIG. 9. The extension 135 includes a through longitudinal also 137 for receipt of a guide disc 139. Permod in the walls of the ax-tension 135 on opposite sides of the slot 137 are a pair of vertically extending slots defining tracks 141 for receipt of respective hubs 145 projecting from opposite sides of the disc 139. The Gioc 139 includes a plurality of radially extending dissected Exill guide bores 140 of different dismeters as shown in PIG. 20. A series of exgle indication marks 147 are soribed as the cutoffice 159 and radially extending these 149 are

respective bores 145 for cooperation with the marks 147 to determine if the angle at which a drill extending through end of the bores 145 is projecting.

Consequently, when the extension 137 is utilized with the plates of the bore 145 of the appropriate size and with the plates do-vice criented to have the sizing pin 35 extending horizontally as indicated by the longitudinal indicator 71, the angle of the drill projecting from one of the bores 145 may be determined by noting the degree line 147 with which the line 149 corresponding to the bore 145 through which the drill extended as aligned.

Referring to PIGE. HI and 18, a drill jig, generally designated 151, is provided with a plurality of spaced apart parallel extending guide bores 153 whereby a bore may be drilled in the trochenter 45 and a pin 155 inserted therein with a portion of such pin projecting for receipt in one of the bores 153 in the jig 151. With this arrangement, additional bores may be drivided in the trochenter 45 in spaced apart relationship and projecting parallel to the pin 155 by merely inserting the drill in different bores 153 and using such bores as a guide for drilling bores in the trochenter for receipt of additional pins to thereby enable in-ctallation of a plurality of parallel pins 155 as shown in 710. 15.

The drill guide appercase cheen in PIG. 14 is cimilar to PIG. 4 except that the pistel device 31 includes a vertical extension 151 which has the lower end thereof angled in-wardly to applement the phape of the patient's hip.

The estention, generally designated 165, observing 710. As is similar to the estention 39 except that is in formed with

10

e longitudinolly executing through plot which alidably rocelves an arm let that corride a Muide disc 139 on the lower extremity thereof. Extending longitudinally through the arm
157 is a threaded brake rod which terminates at its upper and in a thumb screen hand 171. Consequently, the guide disc 139 may be set at a porticular setting and the brake 171 tightened to hold such disc 139 looked in the desired position.

Referring to FIGS. 16-80, a fixed chank hip pin guide, generally designated 175, is provided for holding the angularity of a drill while drilling a bore for receipt of a fixed chank hip pin, generally designated 176, as shown in PIO. 20. The guide 175 includes a berrel 177 having a side opening longitudinal alot 179 formed therein for receipt of the guide pin 33. Thusb coross 165 are provided for tightening the siming pin 33 in place. Extending at an angle of approximately 135 degrees to the barrel 177 is a lag 187 which had a transverse bore 191 formed therein for receipt of an indexing pin 193.

The fixed flange hip pin 170 Ameludes a neil 195 that extends at an engle of 135 degrees from the flange 197.

Installation of the hip pin 176 is similar to installation of the eforementioned hip pin except that a second torget 45' is laid ever the injured grain area prior to the taking of the anterior-posterior X-ray to produce an X-ray image similar to that shown in PIG. 19. The siming pin 35 is again positioned over the X-ray to extend slong the tropohamber axis and the flange 287 of the guide 175 is laid along the lateral side of the femoral shaft 201. The point at which siming pin 33 intersects the image of the target 45 is then marked, so is the point of which the Ander pin 193 intersects the same and the farget 45 is then marked, so is the point of which the Ander pin 193 intersects the same same yeartlaned

ĵŌ

S ?

Signal index pin 193 to intersect the targets 43 and 43° of the respective points corresponding with those marked on the X-ray. The passage 53 of the guide apparetus 31 may then be inserted over the rear extremity of the siming pin 33 and such pictol device rotated to align the transverse indicator 41 with the les 57 to position the guide slot 35 directly below the piming pin 33.

A lateral incluion may be made along side the upper femoral chaft 201 and a drill 47 inserted through an ento-version angle indicator 121 and through the clot 35 to drill the desired bore in the trochanter. The drill 47 may then be removed and the noil 195 of the pin 176 inserted in the removed and the noil 195 of the pin 176 inserted in the removed both the being realized that the shank 197 will then be disposed at the required angle to lie along the leteral curfoce of the femoral shaft 201. Because may be inserted through the chanke 197 to hold the pin in place.

While the procedures described hereinabove drastically reduce the number of X-rays that must be taken during a planting operation, it will be appreciated that X-rays may be taken after the operation to confirm the proper location of the pin installed.

From the foregoing it will be apparent that the drill guide apparedum of present invention provides an economical and convenient means for drilling a bore at a desired location in a trochenter or the like. The bore may easily be lessted without the necessity of trial and error drilling and the taking of numerous X-rays thereby substantially reducing the spate of operation and also the operating time thereby graduating the risk of conformation and the passent around.

22

ناق

### 964149

Vortous modifications and changed may be made with regard to the foregoing detailed description without departing from the opicia of the invention. The embodiments of the invention in which on exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

1. Orthopedic drill guido apparatus for use in drilling o bore in a bone and comprising:

en X-rey inage-producing terget for placement exteriorly on said patient adjacent said bone;

e portable pietol dovido

corust to see all mounted on the sep of said pistol device for alignment with said torget;

drill guide means mounted on said pistol device and disposed below said siming means;

verse inclination of said plated device whereby said tergos may be placed exteriorly on a patient adjacent said bone, an X-ray machine oriented in a selected plane over said bone and simple at said tergot and said bone, an X-ray ploture taken, a terget point selected on the image of said tergot, said siming means aimed at the corresponding terget point and said siming means aimed at the corresponding terget point and said plated device maneuvered about while said siming to be held on said curresponding terget apos until said transverse indicator means indicates said siming means and guide means one in a plane perpendicular to the plane of said X-ray machine, a drill extended through said drill guide means and a bore drilled in baid bone.

8. Orthopodio drill guido epperatus as cos forth is Claim 1 whoreis:

guide clot for receiving caid drill.

3. Orthopedia drill guide apparatus ao sea forth in alaim i wherein:

-ear niq abing bedagness as account ensus grints bica pin pre-

entreally eligned over eald target.

4. Orthopodic drill guide apparatus as sot forth in Claim 1 wherein:

cold target includes a plurelity of different shaped figures disposed at selected distances from one another.

5. Orthopedio drill guide apparatus se cet forth in Claim 1 wherein:

said indicator means is in the form of pendulum means.

6. Orthopodic drill guide apparatus as set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

said pistol device in the form of an inverted Lchaped element;

from the horizontal leg of cald pictol device.

7. Orthopedio drill guide apparatus as set forth in

coid drill guido means includes a guido disc retabely counted on said platel device and including a plurality of redially projecting through guido passages of different cross sections.

8. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus as act forth in Siste 1 that includes:

passages thereby said drill may be inserted through said Grill Guido moons to drill a first boro in said bone, one end of, a pin inserted in cold first boro with the apposite entromisty projecting therefrom, said jig installed on said pin by incerting cold entromity in one of said drill passages and said Grill inserted in other of said drill passages to drill boros Grill inserted in other of said drill passages to drill boros Grill inserted in other of said drill passages.

9. Crinopodio Crill Guido opportius es cot forth in Claim 1 that instudes:

longitudinal indicator means on said pistol device for indicating the longitudinal inclination of said pistol device and wherein:

cold guide means includes indicin for indicating the engle of entergration of sold drill.

10. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus as set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

josting parties having said siming means mounted therees and a vertically projecting portion having said suide means could means tolescoping mounted thereon said device, further including a telescoping means interconnecting said horizontal section and said vertical section.

11. Orthopodie Grill guido apparatus as set ferth in Slaim 1 that includes:

a fixed chank guide for use with a fixed shank hip pin having a nail and a shank projecting therefrom at a solucted angle, said fixed shank guide including trochenteral siming means, a shank portion projecting at said selected engle from each trochenteral siming means, said fixed shank guide further including angular index means entending at an angle to said trochenteral means whereby said target may be positioned over a fractured trochentor, an X-ray taken thereof, said fixed shank guide arranged on said X-ray with said shank portion extending along the image of the femoral shaft and said trochenteral siming means projecting along the image of the said shank points and of said trochenter to enable the user to obtain points on said target said trochenter to enable the user to obtain points and said target someteral starget corresponding with the intersection thereof of said trochenteral siming means and onto index means so

After the particular of the particular of the shift state of the particular of the bording state of the state

18. Orthopodic Grill Guido apparatus as sot forth in Gloim 1 therein:

said platel device is formed with an clongated track projecting transversely to said siming means; and

cold Grill guide to received for longitudinel eliding in cald Greek and includes a plurality of different cised through passages for receips of different sized Grille.

13. Orthopedie Grill guido apparatus as sot forth in Claim 1 that includes:

ca enterersion engle indicator including c base plate formed with a Grill possess therethrough and enterersion indicator means mounted on said plate.

14. Orthopedio drill guide apparatus sa set forth in Ololo 3 whorein:

telescopical receipt of cold pin and tightching means for bightening cold guide pin in position.







